

SEXUAL SIZE DIMORPHISM AND THE REJECTION OF RENSCH'S RULE IN WORM-LIKE MILLIPEDES

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Abstract- Rensch's rule predicts the negative associations between sexual size dimorphism (SSD) and body sizes for relatively larger females. This prediction was tested for forest and savanna worm-like millipedes using a part geometric morphometric approach using calculations of length and width to derive shape volume based on the mathematical formulae for estimated cylindrical worm-like millipede size ($l \cdot \pi \cdot r^2$): (i) *Centrobolus* (were collected in February 1996, South Africa) SSD was 0.63-2.89 (1.52 ± 0.35 ; 267), and (ii) savanna (*Calostreptus*, *Doratogonus*, *Odontopyge* and *Spinotarsus* were collected in February 1989, Zimbabwe) and forest helminthomorphs (collected in February 1996, South Africa) SSD was 0.88-1.62 (1.26 ± 0.23 ; 1233). Interspecific variation regressed was SSD on body volumes (size) with no significant negative correlations, rejecting Rensch's rule in worm-like millipedes. Eco-morphological patterns were discussed.

Keywords: Allometry, Diplopoda, forest, myriapod.

1. INTRODUCTION

Diplopoda are underrepresented in allometric analyses of sexual size dimorphism (SSD), although sexual size differences are known in body mass, length, width and leg dimensions of over half the taxa studied [1-5]. Size differences correlate with factors such as color, sexes, species, urbanisation and water relations [6-10]. Diplopoda resemble the majority of invertebrates where SSD is reversed [11]. SSD has consequences for outcomes of sexual encounters in diplopod mating [12-16]. The allometry of SSD involves the detection of a relationship between body size and SSD and is known as Rensch's rule [17-18]. Rensch's rule may be explained by sexual selection and fecundity selection [19-26]. The macro-evolutionary pattern is resolved in Diplopoda. Here, Rensch's rule was tested in predicting SSD was not negatively correlated with diplopod body size in African taxa. SSD in the forest and savanna worm-like millipedes is investigated. SSD in the genus *Centrobolus* was re-investigated and re-tested. SSD in the savanna Spirostreptida genera *Calostreptus*, *Doratogonus*, *Odontopyge* and *Spinotarsus* were calculated from previously published data.

II. MATERIALS AND METHODS

Up to three factors were measured from the sample of one infraclass (Helminthomorpha), two orders (Spirobolida, Spirostreptida), three families (Odontopygids, spirostreptids, pachybolids), five genera (*Calostreptus*, *Centrobolus*, *Doratogonus*, *Odontopyge* and *Spinotarsus*) and 29 species: (1) body length (mm) in placing individuals alongside a plastic rule (calibrated in mm); (2) width (mm) with Vernier calipers; and (3) mass (accurate to 0.01 g) data was extracted from published data. Savanna helminthomorphs *Calostreptus* sp. (Hwange), *Calostreptus* sp. (Sengwe), *Doratogonus* (=Alloporus) *uncinatus* (Hwange), *D. uncinatus* (Mazowe), *Odontopyge* sp.2 (Marondera), *Odontopyge* sp.3 (Marondera), *Odontopyge* sp.3 (Vic. Falls) and *Spinotarsus* sp.1 (Marondera) were collected in Zimbabwe (February 1989).

Forest helminthomorphs *Centrobolus fulgidus* (Richards' Bay), *C. inscriptus* (Mtunzini) and *C. ruber* (Port Shepstone) were collected in South Africa (February, 1996). Helminthomorph size was calculated as shape volume based on the formula for a cylinder ($l \cdot \pi \cdot r^2$) where l was body length and r half of the width i. e. radius. In helminthomorphs, SSD was estimated as the mean female volume divided at mean male volume and converted into a SSD index by subtracting 1. Allometry for SSD was based on a general allometric model where male size = α (female size) ^{β} .

A. Statistical Analysis

SSD were calculated using Microsoft Office Excel mathematical and statistical formula. Male and female widths were cubed and multiplied at pi using a combination of mental arithmetic, power and product functions. Once calculated, species body size measurements were treated as the independent x-variable or factor and measurements of SSD derived from ratios of female volumes divided at male volumes were treated as the dependent y variables and were inserted into a correlation calculator. Calculations were performed for (1) a Spirobolida data set which included

Centrobolus volumes and SSD on taxa collected, ranging from 0.75 – 8.30 g (2.42 ± 2.57 ; 1233) and (2) a Spirostreptida data set which included the four savanna genera collected. A second correlation analysis was performed on this group using Pearson’s correlation coefficient analysis to test for negative correlations between size and SSD. Additional analysis included (4) Helminthomorphs (forest and savanna together) was performed.

III. RESULTS

The allometric equation for *Centrobolus* was (1) $\hat{y} = 0.00051X - 0.01071$. SSD ranged from 0.63 – 2.89 (1.55 ± 0.63 ; $n \geq 18$) and was not negatively correlated ($R = 0.70485$; $P = 0.00109$; $n = 18$ spp.) with volume ranging from 284 – 2683 mm³ (1097.89 ± 638.06 ; 18) (Table 1).

Table 1. Body size, sexual size dimorphism (SSD) and SSD index in *Centrobolus* Cook, 1897.

Species	Body size (mm ³)	SSD	SSD-1	Sample size (n)
<i>C. albitarsus</i>	952	2.89	1.89	1
<i>C. decoratus</i>	557	0.63	-0.37	1
<i>C. digrammus</i>	522	1.01	0.01	6
<i>C. dubius</i>	1210	1.35	0.35	1
<i>C. fulgidus</i>	1518	1.65	0.65	11
<i>C. fulgidus</i>	1.65 g	1.25	0.25	22
<i>C. immaculatus</i>	1580	2.72	1.72	1
<i>C. inscriptus</i>	2.38 g	1.22	0.22	176
<i>C. inyanganus</i>	775	1.44	0.44	1
<i>C. lawrencei</i>	962	1.57	0.57	1
<i>C. lugubris</i>	2046	2.18	1.18	1
<i>C. promontories</i>	284	0.69	-0.31	1
<i>C. pusillus</i>	756	2.08	1.08	1
<i>C. ruber</i>	1.64 g	1.62	0.62	36
<i>C. rugulosus</i>	1666	1.97	0.97	1
<i>C. sagatinus</i>	1659	1.27	0.27	1
<i>C. silvanus</i>	749	1.13	0.13	1
<i>C. titanophilus</i>	393	1.15	0.15	1
<i>C. transvaalicus</i>	669	1.26	0.26	1
<i>C. tricolor</i>	781	1.10	0.10	1
<i>C. vastus</i>	2683	1.81	0.81	1

The allometric equation for the mixed sample of savanna and forest helminthomorphs was (2) $\hat{y} = -0.03795X + 1.34816$. In the sample of savanna and forest worm-like diplopods SSD ranged from 0.88 - 1.62 (Mean $\pm$ SD = 1.26 ± 0.23 ; $n = 1233$) and no significant negative correlations ($R = -0.230594$; $P = 0.49513$; $n = 11$ spp.) were found with mass

Table 2. Body size, sexual size dimorphism (SSD) and SSD index in savanna worm-like millipedes (localities in parentheses).

Species	Body Size (g)	SSD	SSD-1	Sample size (n)
<i>Calostreptus</i> sp. (Hwange)	1.10	1.50	0.50	70
<i>Calostreptus</i> sp. (Sengwe)	0.75	1.50	0.50	58
<i>Doratogonus uncinatus</i> (Hwange)	8.30	1.08	0.08	54
<i>D. uncinatus</i> (Mazowe)	6.65	0.99	-0.01	521
<i>Odontopyge</i> sp.2 (Marondera)	1.14	1.36	0.36	117
<i>Odontopyge</i> sp.3 (Marondera)	1.40	1.29	0.29	44
<i>Odontopyge</i> sp.3 (Victoria Falls)	0.85	1.13	0.13	83
<i>Spinotarsus</i> sp.1 (Marondera)	0.75	0.88	-0.13	52

IV. DISCUSSION

Allometric equations for (1) *Centrobolus* was positively correlated and not negatively; and (2) the mixed sample of savanna and forest helminthomorphs show body sizes and SSD was negatively correlated but not significantly. Also, further analysis of (3) helminthomorphs, and (4) forest taxa showed no significant negative correlations. Both equations of relationships between SSD and body mass from the sample of 29 species of diplopods showed there was no significant negative correlations between SSD and body sizes. Rensch’s rule was re-assessed in *Centrobolus* forest diplopods and no supporting evidence produced. However, mass and volume do not provide equal measures of SSD. In the case where both mass and volume were measured (*C. fulgidus*) this was evident. In order to obtain more accurate results, the analysis for (1) and (2) included only volume (Fig. 1) while the analysis for (3) included solely mass measurements (Fig. 2). In the savanna millipedes the genus *Spinotarsus* showed male-biased sexual dimorphism. Three mass measurements of *Centrobolus* were included in the worm-like analysis. So, regressions between body sizes and SSD calculated here for two types of worm-like millipedes indicated no evidence for Rensch’s rule. Sexual size dimorphism appears to be higher for forest millipedes than the savanna millipedes. However, this Ecomorphology is probably due to the greater variation of the forest millipedes which has evolved through climate

change as is the case of refugial speciation with the forest *Sphaerotherium* representing the palaeotaxa [39]. Forest taxa illustrate differences in morphology and species composition [40]. Numerous studies are finding animal taxa having female biased SSD mostly disobey Rensch's rule including many of the invertebrates and frogs as well as a plethora of animal taxa [42-63]. A recent study on the European millipede *Pachyiulus hungaricus* shows "[s]ize and/or shape of the morphological traits (except the shape of male walking legs) used in our study were not subject to pre-copulatory sexual selection" [64].

The absence of any relationships between size and mating was documented for the tropical millipede *Nyssodesmus pythos* [12]. My evidence for sexual selection on dimorphism is based on the relative size dimorphism in *Sphaerotherium* which shows size is important in determining the outcome of mating. In the millipede *Doratogonus uncinatus* female choice for mating partners is "size selective".

Further studies of diplopod sexual dimorphism may include more taxa and make use of the length and width measurements to calculate volumes using the geometric morphometric approach shown here for finding causal relationships of dimorphism. The sexual dimorphism calculated here may be converted into alternative indices of sexual dimorphism in order to update its relevance, e. g. M I index [65, 66]. It is worth noting sexual dimorphism and the selection pressures may be decoupled in time e. g. ostracodes [67]. Geometric morphometrics is useful for converting the shape into size [68]. Future goal is to compile the allometry for SSD for the diplopod fauna from South African forest biomes where a diversity of species has been documented to exist [69, 70].

V. CONCLUSION

Spirobolida and Spirostreptida SSD does not negatively regress with body sizes and break Rensch's rule. Intersexual competition is believed to drive SSD in diplopods with forest taxa containing the diversity of species and sizes. A geometric morphometric approach successfully determined the shape and size of millipedes which

enabled us to see a relationship, or lack hereof, between shape as size and SSD. The inverse of Rensch's rule was found in *Centrobolus* based on the relationship between SSD and body size.

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- 682.COOPER, M. MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO HIGHEST OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 16 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 683.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION IS RELATED TO AVERAGE TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 684.COOPER, M. PRESSURE (AIR) IS RELATED TO SEVEN FACTORS IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 685.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION RELATED TO SEVEN FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 686.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897 RELATED TO TEN FACTORS. (IN PREP.).
- 687.COOPER, M. POSSIBLE SEVEN FACTORS RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 688.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PARADOXOSOMATIDAE DADAY, 1889. (IN PREP.).
- 689.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN ALTITUDE AND AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PARADOXOSOMATIDAE DADAY, 1889. (IN PREP.).
- 690.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *SPHAEROTHERIUM* BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
- 691.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *SPHAEROTHERIUM* BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
- 692.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *PODOCHRESIMUS* ATTEMPS, 1926. (IN PREP.).

- 693.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *PODOCHRESIMUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 694.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE IN *PODOCHRESIMUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 695.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN ALTITUDE AND AIR PRESSURE IN *PODOCHRESIMUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 696.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN ALTITUDE AND AIR PRESSURE IN *PODOCHRESIMUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 697.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HARPAGOPHORIDAE ATTEMS, 1909. (IN PREP.).
- 698.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HARPAGOPHORIDAE ATTEMS, 1909. (IN PREP.).
- 699.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HARPAGOPHORIDAE ATTEMS, 1909. (IN PREP.).
- 700.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN ALTITUDE AND AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PLATYTARRUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 701.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *SPINOTARSUS* ATTEMS, 1909A. (IN PREP.).
- 702.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *SPINOTARSUS* ATTEMS, 1909A. (IN PREP.).
- 703.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *SPINOTARSUS* ATTEMS, 1909A. (IN PREP.).
- 704.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *SPINOTARSUS* ATTEMS, 1909A. (IN PREP.).
- 705.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN ALTITUDE AND AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *SPINOTARSUS* ATTEMS, 1909A. (IN PREP.).
- 706.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN ALTITUDE AND TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN DALODESMIDAE COOK, 1896. (IN PREP.).
- 707.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PACHYBOLIDAE COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 708.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PLATYTARRUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 709.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN ALTITUDE AND AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PLATYTARRUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 710.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815. (IN PREP.).
- 711.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA DE BLAINVILLE IN GERVAIS, 1844. (IN PREP.).
- 712.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815. (IN PREP.).
- 713.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA DE BLAINVILLE IN GERVAIS, 1844. (IN PREP.).
- 714.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS AND TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN JULIFORMIA ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 715.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN HIGHEST TOTAL HOURS OF SUNSHINE AND MINIMUM PRECIPITATION SOUTHERN AFRICAN *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 716.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN ALTITUDE AND LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA DE BLAINVILLE IN GERVAIS, 1844. (IN PREP.).
- 717.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ANTIPHONUS* ATTEMS, 1901. (IN PREP.).
- 718.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ANTIPHONUS* ATTEMS, 1901. (IN PREP.).
- 719.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ANTIPHONUS* ATTEMS, 1901. (IN PREP.).
- 720.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ANTIPHONUS* ATTEMS, 1901. (IN PREP.).
- 721.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ALLAWRENCIUS* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 722.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDE AND LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ALLAWRENCIUS* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 723.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *AULODESMUS* COOK, 1896A. (IN PREP.).
- 724.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PACHYBOLIDAE COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 725.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *RHOPALOSKELUS* ATTEMS, 1940. (IN PREP.).
- 726.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDE AND LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *RHOPALOSKELUS* ATTEMS, 1940. (IN PREP.).
- 727.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDE AND LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *RHOPALOSKELUS* ATTEMS, 1940. (IN PREP.).
- 728.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *RHOPALOSKELUS* ATTEMS, 1940. (IN PREP.).

- 729.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN SEVEN FACTORS (CLIMATIC) AT BANDULA, MOZAMBIQUE. (IN PREP.).
- 730.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ZINOPHORA* CHAMBERLIN, 1927. (IN PREP.).
- 731.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDE AND SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ZINOPHORA* CHAMBERLIN, 1927. (IN PREP.).
- 732.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE AND LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ZINOPHORA* CHAMBERLIN, 1927. (IN PREP.).
- 733.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN ALTITUDE AND LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN JULIFORMIA ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 734.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN JULIFORMIA ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 735.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HELMINTHOMORPHA POCOCK, 1887. (IN PREP.).
- 736.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HELMINTHOMORPHA POCOCK, 1887. (IN PREP.).
- 737.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HELMINTHOMORPHA POCOCK, 1887. (IN PREP.).
- 738.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HELMINTHOMORPHA POCOCK, 1887. (IN PREP.).
- 739.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HARPAGOPHORAIDAE. (IN PREP.).
- 740.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN SEVEN CLIMATIC FACTORS AT BEIRA, MOZAMBIQUE. (IN PREP.).
- 741.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *BICOXIDENS* ATTEMS, 1928. (IN PREP.).
- 742.COOPER, M.VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ULODESMUS* COOK, 1899B. (IN PREP.).
- 743.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ULODESMUS* COOK, 1899B. (IN PREP.).
- 744.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *TRIAENOSTREPTUS* ATTEMS, 1914B. (IN PREP.).
- 745.VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *CHALEPONCUS* ATTEMS, 1914B. (IN PREP.).
- 746.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *CHALEPONCUS* ATTEMS, 1914B. (IN PREP.).
- 747.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDE AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *CHALEPONCUS* ATTEMS, 1914B. (IN PREP.).
- 748.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PHYGOXEROTES* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 749.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PHYGOXEROTES* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 750.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PHYGOXEROTES* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 751.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PHYGOXEROTES* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 752.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE, ALTITUDE, LATITUDE, LONGITUDE AND SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYZONIIDA GERVAIS, 1844. (IN PREP.).
- 753.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *TRIAENOSTREPTUS* ATTEMS, 1914B. (IN PREP.).
- 754.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *BICOXIDENS* ATTEMS, 1928. (IN PREP.).
- 755.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN AVERAGE TEMPERATURE, MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE, HUMIDITY, RAINY DAYS (PER MONTH), AND AVERAGE SUN HOURS AT BEIRA, MOZAMBIQUE. (IN PREP.).
- 756.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HARPAGOPHORIDAE ATTEMS, 1909. (IN PREP.).
- 757.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE, LONGITUDE, SPECIES RICHNESS, AIR PRESSURE, AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYXENIDAE LUCAS, 1840. (IN PREP.).
- 758.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE, ALTITUDE, TEMPERATURE, LATITUDE, AND LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN INTRODUCED DIPLOPODA. (IN PREP.).
- 759.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE, ALTITUDE, LATITUDE, LONGITUDE AND SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PENCILLATA* LATREILLE, 1831. (IN PREP.).
- 760.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN ELEVATION IN *PATINATIUS* ATTEMS, 1928. (IN PREP.).
- 761.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE IN *PATINATIUS* ATTEMS, 1928. (IN PREP.).
- 762.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN TEMPERATURE IN *PATINATIUS* ATTEMS, 1928. (IN PREP.).
- 763.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *PATINATIUS* ATTEMS, 1928. (IN PREP.).

- 764.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDE AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *PATINATIUS* ATTEMPS, 1928. (IN PREP.).
- 765.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN *HARPAGOPHORA* ATTEMPS, 1909. (IN PREP.).
- 766.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *ORTHOPOROIDES* KRABBE, 1982. (IN PREP.).
- 767.COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 768.PRESSURE (AIR) IS NOT RELATED TO AVERAGE TEMPERATURE VARIATION IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 769.COOPER, M. MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 770.COOPER, M. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 771.COOPER, M. ALTITUDE IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 772.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 773.COOPER, M. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 774.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN A DAY IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 775.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO LOWEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 776.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 777.COOPER, M. LOWEST DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 778.COOPER, M. HIGHEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IS NOT RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 779.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 780.COOPER, M. MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 781.COOPER, M. HIGHEST DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 782.COOPER, M. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 783.COOPER, M. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 784.COOPER, M. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 785.COOPER, M. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 786.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO LOWEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 787.COOPER, M. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 788.COOPER, M. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 789.COOPER, M. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 790.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 791.COOPER, M. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).

- 792.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION IS RELATED TO DURATION OF SUNSHINE (LOWEST) IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 793.COOPER, M. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 794.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO THE MONTH WITH THE LOWEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 795.COOPER, M. HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IS RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 796.COOPER, M. HUMIDITY (LOWEST RELATIVE) IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 797.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION IS NOT RELATED TO LOWEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 798.COOPER, M. DETERMINED MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO TOTAL HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 799.COOPER, M. HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS (MONTH WITH THE) IS marginally RELATED TO PRECIPITATION IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 800.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION IS NOT RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 801.COOPER, M. MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 802.COOPER, M. HOURS OF SUNSHINE (TOTAL IN A MONTH) IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 803.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION IS marginally RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 804.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS marginally RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 805.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 806.COOPER, M. ALTITUDE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 807.COOPER, M. HIGHEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IS NOT RELATED TO MINIMUM PRECIPITATION IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 808.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS marginally RELATED TO LOWEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 809.COOPER, M. HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IS RELATED TO THE AVERAGE MONTHLY DURATION OF SUNLIGHT IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 810.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS NOT RELATED TO MAXIMUM PRECIPITATION IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 811.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS marginally RELATED TO MINIMUM PRECIPITATION IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 812.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 813.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO TOTAL HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 814.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 815.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 816.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS NOT RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 817.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO LOWEST DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).

- 818.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS NOT RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 819.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO LOWEST NUMBER OF DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A DAY IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 820.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 821.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN TEMPERATURE IN *ZINOPHORA* CHAMBERLAIN, 1927. (IN PREP.).
- 822.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LONGITUDE IN *ZINOPHORA* CHAMBERLAIN, 1927. (IN PREP.).
- 823.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN *ZINOPHORA* CHAMBERLAIN, 1927. (IN PREP.).
- 824.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN MINIMUM TEMPERATURE, MAXIMUM TEMPERAURE, HUMIDITY AND AVERAGE SUN HOURS AT BANDULA, MOZAMBIQUE. (IN PREP.).
- 825.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN ALTITUDE IN *RHOPALOSKELUS* ATTEMS, 1940. (IN PREP.).
- 826.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN *AULODESMUS* COOK, 1896A. (IN PREP.).
- 827.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LONGITUDE IN *ALLAWRENCIUS* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 828.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE IN *ALLAWRENCIUS* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 829.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN AIR PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE IN *ANTIPHONUS* ATTEMS, 1901. (IN PREP.).
- 830.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN ALTITUDE AND LATITUDE IN *ANTIPHONUS* ATTEMS, 1901. (IN PREP.).
- 831.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN MINIMUM PRECIPITATION IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 832.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE IN *CAMARICOPROCTUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 833.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LONGITUDE IN *CAMARICOPROCTUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 834.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN ALTITUDE IN *CAMARICOPROCTUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
- 835.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN AVERAGE MONTHLY DURATION OF SUNLIGHT IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 836.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN HIGHEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 837.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 838.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LENGTH, WIDTH, VOLUME AND PRECIPITATION IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 839.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN HIGHEST DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT A MONTH IN *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 840.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE, AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN VAALOGONOPODIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (IN PREP.).
- 841.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE, LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS, ALTITUDE, AND AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PENCILLATA LATREILLE, 1831. (IN PREP.).
- 842.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LONGITUDE AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYZONIIDA GERVAIS, 1844. (IN PREP.).
- 843.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *CHALEPONCUS* ATTEMS, 1914B. (IN PREP.).
- 844.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PHYGOXEROTES* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 845.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PHYGOXEROTES* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 846.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *PHYGOXEROTES* VERHOEFF, 1939A. (IN PREP.).
- 847.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SIPHONOPHORIDA NEWPORT, 1844 AND POLYZONIIDA GERVAIS, 1844. (IN PREP.).
- 848.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN ALTITUDE AND AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PARADOXOSOMATIDAE DADAY, 1889. (IN PREP.).
- 849.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PARADOXOSOMATIDAE DADAY, 1889. (IN PREP.).
- 850.COOPER, M. CONTINUOUS SEQUENCES OF WHOLE NUMBERS BEGINNING AT ZERO STOP BEING NORMAL AT 40. (IN PREP.).
- 851.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE IN *ANTIPHONUS* ATTEMS, 1901. (IN PREP.).
- 852.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE, LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS, TEMPERATURE, AND ALTITUDE IN *ANTIPHONUS* ATTEMS, 1901. (IN PREP.).

- 853.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN ALTITUDE IN *ANTIPHONUS* ATTEMS, 1901. (IN PREP.).
- 854.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LATITUDE IN *PATINATIUS* ATTEMS, 1928. (IN PREP.).
- 855.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *PATINATIUS* ATTEMS, 1928. (IN PREP.).
- 856.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LONGITUDE IN *ORTHOPOROIDES* KRABBE, 1982. (IN PREP.).
- 857.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDE AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ORTHOPOROIDES* KRABBE, 1982. (IN PREP.).
- 858.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LATITUDE AND ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN *ORTHOPOROIDES* KRABBE, 1982. (IN PREP.).
- 859.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LONGITUDE IN *BICOXIDENS* ATTEMS, 1928. (IN PREP.).
- 860.COOPER, M. VARIANCE IN LONGITUDE AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *BICOXIDENS* ATTEMS, 1928. (IN PREP.).
- 861.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICA *HARPAGOPHORA* ATTEMS, 1909. (IN PREP.).
- 862.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICA *HARPAGOPHORA* ATTEMS, 1909. (IN PREP.).
- 863.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICA POLYXENIDAE LUCAS, 1840. (IN PREP.).
- 864.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICA POLYXENIDAE LUCAS, 1840. (IN PREP.).
- 865.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN TEMPERATURE IN INTRODUCED SPECIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICA DIPLOPODA. (IN PREP.).
- 866.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN ALTITUDE IN INTRODUCED SPECIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICA DIPLOPODA. (IN PREP.).
- 867.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN AIR PRESSURE IN INTRODUCED SPECIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICA DIPLOPODA. (IN PREP.).
- 868.COOPER, M. NORMALITY IN MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 869.COOPER, M. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS NORMAL IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 870.COOPER, M. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE LOWEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 871.COOPER, M. HIGHEST OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE NEAR 13 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 872.COOPER, M. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 873.COOPER, M. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 16 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 874.COOPER, M. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 875.COOPER, M. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 876.COOPER, M. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS RELATED TO PRECIPITATION IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 877.COOPER, M. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE LOWEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS NOT RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 878.COOPER, M. HIGHEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IS NOT RELATED TO MAXIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 879.COOPER, M. HIGHEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IS NOT RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 880.COOPER, M. DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE (LOWEST NUMBER) IN A DAY IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE NEAR 16 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 881.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO HIGHEST OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 16 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 882.COOPER, M. DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE (HIGHEST NUMBER) IN A MONTH IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IN 16 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 883.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 16

- COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 884.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 13 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 885.COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 886.COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 887.COOPER, M. DURATION (AVERAGE MONTHLY) OF SUNLIGHT IS RELATED TO PRECIPITATION IN 18 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 888.COOPER, M. AVERAGE TEMPERATURE VARIATION IS NOT RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 889.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS NOT RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 890.COOPER, M. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS) IS NOT RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 891.COOPER, M. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 12 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 892.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 893.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 16 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 894.COOPER, M. ALTITUDE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN 40 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 895.COOPER, M. MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 16 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 896.COOPER, M. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 897.COOPER, M. HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS (BASED ON MONTHLY MAXIMA) IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 898.COOPER, M. MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 899.COOPER, M. MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO AVERAGE TEMPERATURE IN 16 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 900.COOPER, M. HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE NEAR FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 901.COOPER, M. SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 902.COOPER, M. SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IN 16 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 903.COOPER, M. SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IN 16 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 904.COOPER, M. SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO LATITUDE AND PRECIPITATION IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 905.COOPER, M. DISTANCE TO THE NEAREST AIRPORT IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 906.COOPER, M. MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 907.COOPER, M. MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN 16 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 908.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 16 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 909.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER

- TEMPERATURE IN 16 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 910.COOPER, M. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 911.COOPER, M. DURATION (HIGHEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 912.COOPER, M. MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 913.COOPER, M. MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 15 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 914.COOPER, M. HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE NEAR 15 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 915.COOPER, M. HIGHEST NUMBER OF DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IN 15 FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (11-H-IN PREP.).
- 916.COOPER, M. MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR 16 COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 917.COOPER, M. HYPOTHETICAL AVERAGE TEMPERATURE VARIATION IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 918.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST TOTAL HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IS RELATED TO SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 919.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN A DAY IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 920.COOPER, M. I. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE SEXES OF A PAIR OF SYMPATRIC FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897 IN SECOND POLAR MOMENTS OF INERTNESS. (IN PREP.).
- 921.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPTATION (MAXIMUM) IS marginally related to MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 922.COOPER, M. I. DIFFERENCES (RELATIVE) BETWEEN A PAIR OF SYMPATRIC FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897 IN SECOND POLAR MOMENTS OF INERTNESS. (IN PREP.).
- 923.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 924.COOPER, M. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 925.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPTATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 926.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IS RELATED TO MINIMUM PRECIPITATION IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 927.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION IS RELATED TO DURATION OF SUNSHINE (LOWEST) IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 928.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 929.COOPER, M. I. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO VOLUME IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 930.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO THE MONTH WITH THE LOWEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 931.COOPER, M. I. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 932.COOPER, M. I. PRESSURE (AIR) IS RELATED TO AVERAGE TEMPERATURE VARIATION IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 933.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO PRECIPITATION IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 934.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNSHINE (LOWEST) IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM

- TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 935.COOPER, M. I. PRESSURE (AIR) IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 936.COOPER, M. I. HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IS RELATED TO LOWEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 937.COOPER, M. I. DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE (LOWEST NUMBER) IS RELATED TO LOWEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 938.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 939.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO HIGHEST TOTAL HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 940.COOPER, M. I. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE LOWEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 941.COOPER, M. I. PRESSURE (AIR) IS RELATED TO MASS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 942.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO LOWEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 943.COOPER, M. I. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE LOWEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 944.COOPER, M. I. PRESSURE (AIR) IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 945.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 946.COOPER, M. I. DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE (LOWEST NUMBER) IN A DAY IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE NEAR FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 947.COOPER, M. I. PRESSURE (AIR) IS marginally RELATED TO MOMENTS OF INERTIA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 948.COOPER, M. I. HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IS RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 949.COOPER, M. I. DISTANCE TO THE NEAREST AIRPORT IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897 SHOWS A RELATIONSHIP WITH STERNITE PROMINENCE. (IN PREP.).
- 950.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION IS RELATED TO LOWEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 951.COOPER, M. I. HUMIDITY (LOWEST RELATIVE) IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 952.COOPER, M. I. DISTANCE TO THE NEAREST AIRPORT IS marginally CORRELATED WITH MASS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 953.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 954.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS (MONTH WITH THE) IS RELATED TO PRECIPITATION IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 955.COOPER, M. I. DETERMINED MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO TOTAL HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 956.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION IS RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 957.COOPER, M. I. HOURS OF SUNSHINE (TOTAL IN A MONTH) IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 958.COOPER, M. I. DETERMINED MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 959.COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE EJACULATE VOLUME VARIES WITH SEX RATIO IN *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 960.COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL FACTORS RELATED TO LOWEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE AND LOWEST NUMBER OF DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A DAY IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).

- 961.COOPER, M. I. DETERMINED EJACULATE VOLUME VARIES WITH MOMENTS OF INERTIA IN *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 962.COOPER, M. I. PACHYBOLID COLEOPOD SPINE LENGTH AND NUMBER ARE RELATED TO MOMENTS OF INERTIA IN *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 963.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IS RELATED TO ABUNDANCE, MINIMUM AND MAXIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 964.COOPER, M. I. DETERMINED MASS IS RELATED TO MOMENTS OF INERTIA IN *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 965.COOPER, M. I. HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IS RELATED TO THE AVERAGE MONTHLY DURATION OF SUNLIGHT IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 966.COOPER, M. I. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 967.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS marginally correlated TO SEXUAL SIZE DIMORPHISM IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 968.COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MAXIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IS RELATED TO ABUNDANCE IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 969.COOPER, M. I. DETERMINED MASS IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 970.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO LOWEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 971.COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES ARE RELATED TO MATING FREQUENCIES IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 972.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM PRECIPITATION IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 973.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO ABUNDANCE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 974.COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IS RELATED TO VOLUME IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 975.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS marginally RELATED TO MINIMUM PRECIPITATION IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 976.COOPER, M. I. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN ONE PAIR OF SYMPATRIC FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897 IN SECOND POLAR MOMENTS OF INERTNESS. (IN PREP.).
- 977.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO CURVED SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 978.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO ABUNDANCE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 979.COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 980.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO MATING FREQUENCY IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 981.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) ARE RELATED TO MATING FREQUENCIES IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 982.COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 983.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 984.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) ARE RELATED TO MATING FREQUENCIES IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 985.COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IS RELATED TO SURFACE AREA IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 986.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).

- 987.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO MOMENTS OF INERTIA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 988.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS (BASED ON MONTHLY MAXIMA) IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 989.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO VOLUME IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 990.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO MOMENTS OF INERTIA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 991.COOPER, M. I. HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE NEAR FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 992.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 993.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO LENGTH IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (12-D-IN PREP.).
- 994.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (11-P-IN PREP.).
- 995.COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST NUMBER OF DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
- 996.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (11-D-IN PREP.).
- 997.COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (10-P-IN PREP.).
- 998.COOPER, M. I. HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE NEAR FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (10-H-IN PREP.).
- 999.COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO CURVED SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (10-D-IN PREP.).
1000. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (9-P-IN PREP.).
1001. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (9-H-IN PREP.).
1002. COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO LOWEST DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (9-D-IN PREP.).
1003. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO MASS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1004. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1005. COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO TOTAL HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1006. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO MASS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (12-P-IN PREP.).
1007. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (12-H-IN PREP.).
1008. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO SPECIES VOLUME IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1009. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IS RELATED TO SURFACE AREA IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1010. COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (8-D-IN PREP.).
1011. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO LOWEST NUMBER OF DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A DAY IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (7-P-IN PREP.).

1012. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (7-H-IN PREP.).
1013. COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (7-D-IN PREP.).
1014. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (6-P-IN PREP.).
1015. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1016. COOPER, M. I. DURATION (AVERAGE MONTHLY) OF SUNLIGHT IS RELATED TO PRECIPITATION IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1017. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897 RELATED TO EIGHT FACTORS. (IN PREP.).
1018. COOPER, M. I. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1019. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1020. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1021. COOPER, M. I. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1022. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO VOLUME IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1023. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE EIGHT FACTORS RELATED TO AVERAGE TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1024. COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO CURVED SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1025. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1026. COOPER, M. I. PRESSURE (AIR) IS RELATED TO SEVEN FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1027. COOPER, M. I. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MOMENTS OF INERTIA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1028. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1029. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION RELATED TO TEN FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1030. COOPER, M. I. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO LENGTH IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1031. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (8-H-IN PREP.).
1032. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO LOWEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1033. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF UMHLANGA ROCKS, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1034. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1035. COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO LOWEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1036. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF LOCHIEL, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1037. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO WIDTH IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1038. COOPER, M. I. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).

1039. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF MTUNZINI ON THE EAST COAST OF SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1040. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO LENGTH IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1041. COOPER, M. I. DURATION (HIGHEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1042. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE SIX FACTORS RELATED TO MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1043. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MOMENTS OF INERTIA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1044. COOPER, M. I. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MINIMUM OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1045. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION ACROSS THE DISTRIBUTION OF *CENTROBOLUS* IN SOUTHERN AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1046. COOPER, M. I. HUMIDITY ACROSS THE DISTRIBUTION OF *CENTROBOLUS* IN SOUTHERN AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1047. COOPER, M. I. DAYS RAINY ACROSS THE DISTRIBUTION OF *CENTROBOLUS* IN SOUTHERN AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1048. COOPER, M. I. PORT ST JOHNS (SOUTH AFRICA) CLIMATE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS. (IN PREP.).
1049. COOPER, M. I. HOURS (OF AVERAGE SUN) ACROSS THE DISTRIBUTION OF *CENTROBOLUS* IN SOUTHERN AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1050. COOPER, M. I. DETERMINED CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF GQEBERHA, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1051. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF WINTERTON, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1052. COOPER, M. I. HOEDSPRUIT (SOUTH AFRICA) CLIMATE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS. (IN PREP.).
1053. COOPER, M. I. DETERMINED CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF BOT RIVER, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1054. COOPER, M. I. PORT SHEPSTONE (SOUTH AFRICA) CLIMATE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS. (IN PREP.).
1055. COOPER, M. I. HLUHLUWE (SOUTH AFRICA) CLIMATE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS. (IN PREP.).
1056. COOPER, M. I. DETERMINED CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF KNYSNA, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1057. COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNSHINE (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO ABUNDANCE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1058. COOPER, M. I. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE LOWEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1059. COOPER, M. I. DETERMINED AVERAGE TEMPERATURE ACROSS THE DISTRIBUTION OF *CENTROBOLUS* IN SOUTHERN AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1060. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL MAXIMUM TEMPERATURE ACROSS THE DISTRIBUTION OF *CENTROBOLUS* IN SOUTHERN AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1061. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1062. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE MINIMUM TEMPERATURE ACROSS THE DISTRIBUTION OF *CENTROBOLUS* IN SOUTHERN AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1063. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL AVERAGE TEMPERATURE VARIATION IS RELATED TO LENGTH AND SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1064. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBILITY MATING FREQUENCIES ARE RELATED TO MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1065. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1066. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL ALTITUDE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1067. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN

- THE CLIMATE OF VRYHEID, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1068. COOPER, M. I. DAILY HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A DAY (LOWEST NUMBER) IS RELATED TO AT LEAST EIGHTEEN FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1069. COOPER, M. I. DIFFERENCES BETWEEN THE SEXES OF A PAIR OF SYMPATRIC FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897 IN CURVED SURFACE AREAS. (IN PREP.).
1070. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY DAYS (IN A MONTH) IS RELATED TO PRESSURE (AIR) IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1071. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO HIGHEST OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1072. COOPER, M. I. DIFFERENCES IN VOLUMES BETWEEN THE SEXES OF A PAIR OF SYMPATRIC FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1073. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IN A DAY IS RELATED TO ABUNDANCE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1074. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MAXIMUM) IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1075. COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNSHINE (LOWEST) IS RELATED TO ABUNDANCE IN A MONTH IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1076. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IS RELATED TO ABUNDANCE IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1077. COOPER, M. I. PRECIPITATION (MINIMUM) IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1078. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY, HIGHEST OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES, MOMENTS OF INERTIA AND STERNITE PROMINENCE IS RELATED TO LOWEST RELATIVE HUMIDITY IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1079. COOPER, M. I. PACHYBOLID LENGTH IS MARGINALLY RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1080. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST TOTAL HOURS OF SUNSHINE IN A MONTH ARE RELATED TO TWELVE FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1081. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF GANS BAY, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1082. COOPER, M. I. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE LOWEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS RELATED TO AT LEAST FOUR FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1083. COOPER, M. I. HOURS OF SUNSHINE THROUGHOUT THE YEAR IS RELATED TO AT LEAST TEN FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1084. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF RICHARDS BAY, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1085. COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNLIGHT (AVERAGE MONTHLY) IS RELATED TO AT LEAST FOURTEEN FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1086. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO AT LEAST FIFTEEN FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1087. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF GORONGOSA, MOZAMBIQUE. (IN PREP.).
1088. COOPER, M. I. DURATION OF SUNSHINE (LOWEST) IS RELATED TO AT LEAST TEN FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1089. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST, LOWEST AND MEAN OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES IS RELATED TO VOLUME IN COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1090. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF SCOTTBURGH, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1091. COOPER, M. I. DAYS (MONTH WITH THE HIGHEST NUMBER OF RAINY) IS RELATED TO FIVE FACTORS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1092. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST OCEAN WATER TEMPERATURES ARE RELATED TO LATITUDE AND LONGITUDE NEAR COASTAL FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).

1093. COOPER, M. I. PIETERMARITZBURG (SOUTH AFRICA) CLIMATE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS. (IN PREP.).
1094. COOPER, M. I. DURBAN (SOUTH AFRICA) CLIMATE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS. (IN PREP.).
1095. COOPER, M. I. HOUT BAY (SOUTH AFRICA) CLIMATE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS. (IN PREP.).
1096. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF CAPE TOWN, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1097. COOPER, M. I. DE HOOP (SOUTH AFRICA) CLIMATE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS. (IN PREP.).
1098. COOPER, M. I. HYPOTHETICAL CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF KIRKWOOD, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1099. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF KEI ROAD, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1100. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO MASS IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1101. COOPER, M. I. DURATION (HIGHEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO CURVED SURFACE AREA IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1102. COOPER, M. I. POSSIBLE SEVEN FACTORS RELATED TO MINIMUM TEMPERATURE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1103. COOPER, M. I. HIGHEST DURATION OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1104. COOPER, M. I. DURATION (LOWEST) OF SUNSHINE IS RELATED TO WIDTH IN FOREST RED MILLIPEDES *CENTROBOLUS* COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1105. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN VAALOGONPIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (V-IN PREP.).
1106. COOPER, M. I. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN VAALOGONPIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (V-IN PREP.).
1107. COOPER, M. I. TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN VAALOGONPIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (V-IN PREP.).
1108. COOPER, M. I. TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN VAALOGONPIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (V-IN PREP.).
1109. COOPER, M. I. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN VAALOGONPIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (V-IN PREP.).
1110. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN VAALOGONPIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (V-IN PREP.).
1111. COOPER, M. I. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN VAALOGONPIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (V-IN PREP.).
1112. COOPER, M. I. AIR PRESSURE IS marginally related to TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1113. COOPER, M. I. ALTITUDE AND AIR PRESSURE CORRELATIONS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1114. COOPER, M. I. ALTITUDE AND LATITUDE CORRELATIONS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1115. COOPER, M. I. ALTITUDE AND LONGITUDE CORRELATIONS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1116. COOPER, M. I. ALTITUDE AND TEMPERATURE CORRELATIONS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1117. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1118. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1119. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1120. COOPER, M. I. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1121. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS marginally related to AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1122. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDAE POCOCK, 1894. (SP-IN PREP.).
1123. COOPER, M. I. AIR PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE CORRELATIONS IN SOUTHERN

- AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (S-IN PREP.).
1124. COOPER, M. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (S-IN PREP.).
1125. COOPER, M. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (S-IN PREP.).
1126. COOPER, M. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (S-IN PREP.).
1127. COOPER, M. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (S-IN PREP.).
1128. COOPER, M. TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (S-IN PREP.).
1129. COOPER, M. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (S-IN PREP.).
1130. COOPER, M. I. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO ELEVATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN ODONTOPYGIDAE ATTEMS, 1909C. (O-IN PREP.).
1131. COOPER, M. I. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN ODONTOPYGIDAE ATTEMS, 1909C. (O-IN PREP.).
1132. COOPER, M. I. ALTITUDE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN ODONTOPYGIDAE ATTEMS, 1909C. (O-IN PREP.).
1133. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN ODONTOPYGIDAE ATTEMS, 1909C. (O-IN PREP.).
1134. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN ODONTOPYGIDAE ATTEMS, 1909C. (O-IN PREP.).
1135. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN ODONTOPYGIDAE ATTEMS, 1909C. (O-IN PREP.).
1136. COOPER, M. I. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN ODONTOPYGIDAE ATTEMS, 1909C. (O-IN PREP.).
1137. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN ODONTOPYGIDAE ATTEMS, 1909C. (O-IN PREP.).
1138. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYXENIDAE LUCAS, 1840. (IN PREP.).
1139. COOPER, M. I. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYXENIDAE LUCAS, 1840. (IN PREP.).
1140. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYXENIDAE LUCAS, 1840. (IN PREP.).
1141. COOPER, M. I. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYXENIDAE LUCAS, 1840. (IN PREP.).
1142. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYXENIDAE LUCAS, 1840. (IN PREP.).
1143. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYZONIIDA GERVAIS, 1844. (IN PREP.).
1144. COOPER, M. I. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYZONIIDA GERVAIS, 1844. (IN PREP.).
1145. COOPER, M. I. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYZONIIDA GERVAIS, 1844. (IN PREP.).
1146. COOPER, M. I. ALTITUDE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYZONIIDA GERVAIS, 1844. (IN PREP.).
1147. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SIPHONOPHORIDA NEWPORT, 1844 AND POLYZONIIDA GERVAIS, 1844. (SI-IN PREP.).
1148. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SIPHONOPHORIDA NEWPORT, 1844 AND POLYZONIIDA GERVAIS, 1844. (SI-IN PREP.).
1149. COOPER, M. I. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SIPHONOPHORIDA NEWPORT, 1844 AND POLYZONIIDA GERVAIS, 1844. (SI-IN PREP.).
1150. COOPER, M. I. genotypic. (IN PREP.).
1151. COOPER, M. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN *JULOMORPHA* PORAT, 1872. (J-IN PREP.).
1152. COOPER, M. LONGITUDE IS AIR PRESSURE IN *JULOMORPHA* PORAT, 1872. (J-IN PREP.).
1153. COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *JULOMORPHA* PORAT, 1872. (J-IN PREP.).
1154. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *JULOMORPHA* PORAT, 1872. (J-IN PREP.).
1155. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *JULOMORPHA* PORAT, 1872. (J-IN PREP.).
1156. COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN *JULOMORPHA* PORAT, 1872. (J-IN PREP.).
1157. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN *JULOMORPHA* PORAT, 1872. (J-IN PREP.).
1158. COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN *JULOMORPHA* PORAT, 1872. (J-IN PREP.).

1159. COOPER, M. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN *JULOMORPHA* PORAT, 1872. (J-IN PREP.).
1160. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *PLATYTARRUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (PL-IN PREP.).
1161. COOPER, M. ALTITUDE IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN *PLATYTARRUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (PL-IN PREP.).
1162. Cooper, M. DETERMINED CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF HARARE, ZIMBABWE. (IN PREP.).
1163. Cooper, M. DETERMINED CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF MUTARE, ZIMBABWE. (IN PREP.).
1164. Cooper, M. DETERMINED CORRELATION COEFFICIENT MATRIX FOR SEVEN FACTORS IN THE CLIMATE OF BARBERTON, SOUTH AFRICA. (IN PREP.).
1165. COOPER, M. ALTITUDE IS RELATED TO AIR PRESSURE IN *PODOCHRESIMUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (PO-IN PREP.).
1166. COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *PODOCHRESIMUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (PO-IN PREP.).
1167. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *PODOCHRESIMUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (PO-IN PREP.).
1168. COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN *PODOCHRESIMUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (PO-IN PREP.).
1169. COOPER, M. LONGITUDE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN *PODOCHRESIMUS* ATTEMS, 1926. (PO-IN PREP.).
1170. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HARPAGOPHORIDAE ATTEMS, 1909. (HA-IN PREP.).
1171. COOPER, M. TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HARPAGOPHORIDAE ATTEMS, 1909. (HA-IN PREP.).
1172. COOPER, M. TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPHAEROTHERIIDAE BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1173. COOPER, M. TEMPERATURE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPHAEROTHERIIDAE BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1174. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (S-IN PREP.).
1175. COOPER, M. ALTITUDE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN DALODESMIDAE COOK, 1896. (DA-1-IN PREP.).
1176. COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (S-IN PREP.).
1177. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS RELATED TO LATITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (S-IN PREP.).
1178. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN MEROCHETA COOK, 1895 WITH JULIFORMIA ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
1179. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815 WITH SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1180. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN MEROCHETA COOK, 1895 WITH JULIFORMIA ATTEMS, 1926. (IN PREP.).
1181. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815 WITH SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1182. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN THREE FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1183. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1184. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN THREE FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH JULOMORPHIDAE VERHOEFF, 1924. (IN PREP.).
1185. COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN JULOMORPHIDAE VERHOEFF, 1924. (IN PREP.).
1186. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN JULOMORPHIDAE VERHOEFF, 1924. (IN PREP.).
1187. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH SPHAEROTHERIIDAE BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1188. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH PACHYBOLIDAE COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1189. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR

- FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH DALODESMIDAE COOK, 1896A. (IN PREP.).
1190. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH GOMPHODESMIDAE COOK, 1896A. (IN PREP.).
1191. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH PARADOXOSOMATIDAE DADAY, 1889. (IN PREP.).
1192. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH VAALOGONOPODIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (IN PREP.).
1193. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH POLYXENIDAE LUCAS, 1840. (IN PREP.).
1194. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815. (IN PREP.).
1195. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815 WITH POLYXENIDAE LUCAS, 1840. (IN PREP.).
1196. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815 WITH PACHYBOLIDAE COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1197. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815 WITH SPHAEROTHERIIDAE BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1198. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN THREE FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA. (IN PREP.).
1199. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH PACHYBOLIDAE COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1200. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH DALODESMIDAE COOK, 1896A. (IN PREP.).
1201. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH GOMPHODESMIDAE COOK, 1896A. (IN PREP.).
1202. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH PARADOXOSOMATIDAE DADAY, 1889. (IN PREP.).
1203. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833 WITH VAALOGONOPODIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (IN PREP.).
1204. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815. (IN PREP.).
1205. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815 WITH PACHYBOLIDAE COOK, 1897. (IN PREP.).
1206. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN FOUR FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815 WITH SPHAEROTHERIIDAE BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1207. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN THREE FAMILIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA. (IN PREP.).
1208. COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS CORRELATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPHAEROTHERIIDAE BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1209. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPHAEROTHERIIDAE BRANDT, 1833. (IN PREP.).
1210. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN TWO SUBCLASSES OF DIPLOPODA (PENCILLATA AND CHILOGNATHA). (IN PREP.).
1211. COOPER, M. INTRAGENERIC COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN EIGHTEEN GENERA OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA. (IN PREP.).
1212. COOPER, M. INTERGENERIC COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN EIGHTEEN GENERA OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA. (IN PREP.).

1213. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO LONGITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PENCILLATA LATREILLE, 1831. (IN PREP.).
1214. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PENCILLATA LATREILLE, 1831. (IN PREP.).
1215. COOPER, M. I. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PENCILLATA LATREILLE, 1831. (IN PREP.).
1216. COOPER, M. I. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PENCILLATA LATREILLE, 1831. (IN PREP.).
1217. COOPER, M. I. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PENCILLATA LATREILLE, 1831. (IN PREP.).
1218. COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES DISTRIBUTION AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES DISTRIBUTION IN INTRODUCED SPECIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA. (IN-IN PREP.).
1219. COOPER, M. AIR PRESSURE AND ALTITUDE CORRELATIONS IN INTRODUCED SPECIES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA. (IN-IN PREP.).
1220. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA DE BLAINVILLE IN GERVAIS, 1844. (D-1-IN PREP.).
1221. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN CHILOGNATHA LATREILLE, 1802/1803. (D-2-IN PREP.).
1222. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN HELMINTHOMORPHA POCKOCK, 1887. (D-3-IN PREP.).
1223. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN MEROCHETA COOK, 1895. (D-4-IN PREP.).
1224. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN JULIFORMIA ATTEMS, 1926. (D-5-IN PREP.).
1225. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN POLYDESMIDA LEACH, 1815. (D-6-IN PREP.).
1226. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPIROSTREPTIDA BRANDT, 1833. (D-7-IN PREP.).
1227. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL AND LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN VAALOGONOPODIDAE VERHOEFF, 1940A. (D-8-IN PREP.).
1228. COOPER, M. COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN TWO INFRACLASSES OF SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA (HELMINTHOMORPHA AND PENTAZONIA). (D-9-IN PREP.).
1229. COOPER, M. PERCENTAGE DIFFERENCES IN COMPARISON OF LATITUDINAL TO LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN NINETEEN SOUTHERN AFRICAN DIPLOPODA FAMILIAL AND SUPERFAMILIAL TAXA. (D-10-IN PREP.).
1230. COOPER, M. LONGITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS CORRELATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN PACHYBOLIDAE COOK, 1897. (P-2-IN PREP.).
1231. COOPER, M. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO ELEVATION IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPINOTARSUS ATTEMS, 1909A. (SPINO-IN PREP.).
1232. COOPER, M. AIR PRESSURE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPINOTARSUS ATTEMS, 1909A. (SPINO-IN PREP.).
1233. COOPER, M. ALTITUDE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPINOTARSUS ATTEMS, 1909A. (SPINO-IN PREP.).
1234. COOPER, M. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO TEMPERATURE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPINOTARSUS ATTEMS, 1909A. (SPINO-IN PREP.).
1235. COOPER, M. LATITUDE IS RELATED TO ALTITUDE IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPINOTARSUS ATTEMS, 1909A. (SPINO-IN PREP.).
1236. COOPER, M. LATITUDINAL SPECIES RICHNESS IN SOUTHERN AFRICAN SPINOTARSUS ATTEMS, 1909A. (SPINO-IN PREP.).
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